

Name: _____ **Date:** _____

Part 1
Vocabulary

Circle the best answer to complete each sentence.

1. A large ____ of participants reported that love is more important than money.
A) format
B) evidence
C) proportion
D) psychology
2. Bart was excited when he bought his new car, but his excitement ____ over time.
A) diminished
B) anticipated
C) consulted
D) matured
3. Haruki is in ____ from New York to Tokyo. He will arrive tomorrow at 9 a.m.
A) assess
B) prior
C) economy
D) transit
4. The family ____ the arrival of the new baby with great excitement.
A) assessed
B) anticipated
C) consulted
D) evidenced
5. The instructor will ____ your English skills and assign you to the appropriate level.
A) consult
B) anticipate
C) mature
D) assess
6. ____ to attending college, she had never lived away from home before.
A) Mature
B) Anticipate
C) Prior
D) Economical

Circle the correct word form to complete each sentence.

7. Time ____ the pain of losing a loved one.
A) diminish
B) diminishes
C) diminishing
D) diminution
8. Tara and Paulo aren't ____ well off, but they are very happy together.
A) economy
B) economic
C) economists
D) economically
9. You ____ didn't get the message that your appointment was cancelled.
A) evident
B) evidence
C) evidenced
D) evidently
10. Researchers studied the link between social contact and ____ well-being.
A) psychology
B) psychologist
C) psychological
D) psychologically

Use five of the words in the box to complete the sentences.

| | | | |
|------------------|----------|------------|----------|
| anticipate | assessed | consulted | diminish |
| disproportionate | economy | evident | format |
| mature | prior | psychology | transit |

11. Lisa is more _____ than her brother, even though she is younger.
12. The company updated the _____ of its Web site to make it more user-friendly.
13. Ilhan _____ the dictionary to find out the meaning of the word *consumerism*.
14. He's applying for a job as a gardener, even though he has no _____ experience.
15. There is a(n) _____ number of young people involved in traffic accidents.

Part 2
Listening

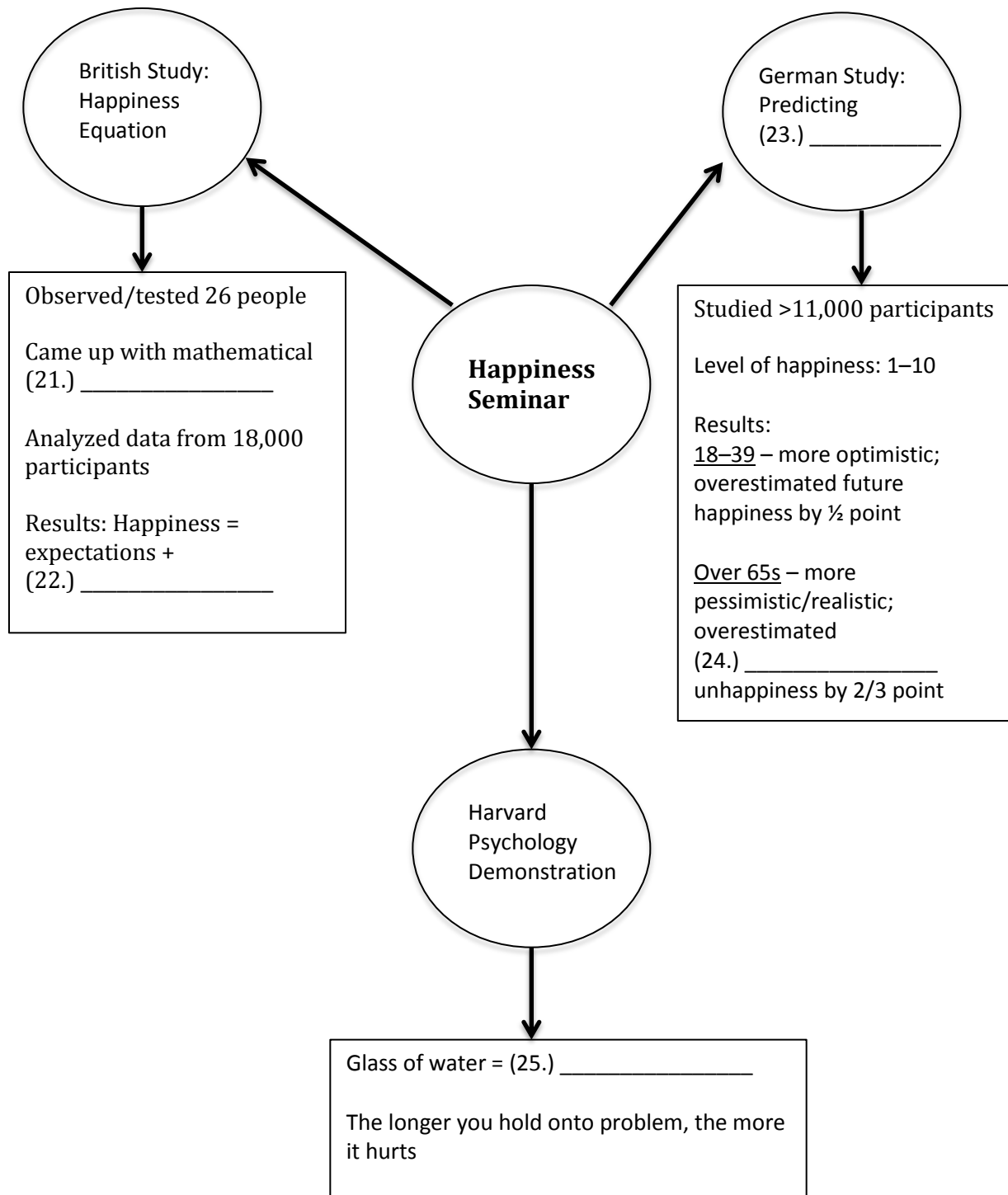
Listen to the conversation. Circle the best answer to complete each sentence.

16. Prior to the seminar, Tony had never heard of the happiness ____.
- A) measurement
 - B) equation
 - C) analysis
 - D) research
17. The researchers analyzed data from more than 18,000 participants ____.
- A) in the United States
 - B) in Germany
 - C) in Britain
 - D) worldwide
18. They collected data using ____.
- A) a smartphone app
 - B) a survey
 - C) a questionnaire
 - D) an equation
19. People who have high expectations of the future are called ____.
- A) realists
 - B) optimists
 - C) psychologists
 - D) pessimists
20. According to the demonstration, the older you get, the more you learn to ____ the glass of water.
- A) put down
 - B) drink
 - C) hold
 - D) enjoy

Inside Listening and Speaking 2 Unit 8 Assessment

INSIDE LISTENING AND SPEAKING 2

Listen to the conversation again. As you listen, complete the notes in the mind map.



Match the statement in the first column with the follow-up phrase or question in the second column. Write the letter on the line.

| Statement | Phrase or Question |
|---|--|
| 26. ____ I didn't know there was a mathematical equation to measure happiness. | A. Are you saying that people from all over the world were part of the study? |
| 27. ____ They used the equation to analyze data from more than 18,000 participants worldwide. | B. So you're saying that older people are more pessimistic than younger people, but they're happier. |
| 28. ____ Well, it all comes down to <i>expectations</i> . | C. Are you saying it's better to be pessimistic than optimistic? |
| 29. ____ Well, it turns out that pessimists are happier, healthier, and live longer than optimists. | D. You mean happiness is measurable? |
| 30. ____ People over 65 overestimated their future unhappiness by two-thirds of a point. | E. If I understand you correctly, expecting something good to happen makes us happy. |

Part 3

Speaking

Write notes for a one-minute speech about a time when expecting or anticipating something made you happy—for example, planning a vacation, visiting a family member or friend, starting a new job, moving into a new apartment. Then present your speech to the class.

- What was the event you were expecting or anticipating?
- Why did it make you happy?
- Did the actual event make you as happy as the feelings of expectation and anticipation? Why or why not?